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Attorneys for Defendant JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF OREGON EUGENE DIVISION

Dennis Raybould,

Plaintiff,

v.

RUSHMORE LOAN MANAGEMENT SERVICES, LLC;

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, WHOSE ADDRESS IS 700 Kansas Lane, MC 8000, MONROE, LA 71203, (ASSIGNOR),

RMAC TRUST, SERIES 2016-CTT,

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, NOT IN ITS INDIVIDUAL CAPACITY BUT SOLELY AS TRUSTEE FOR THE RMAC TRUST, SERIES 2016-CTTT, whose address is 60 LIVINGSTON AVENUE, ST. PAUL, MN 55107-2292, ITS SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS, (ASSIGNEE)

Defendants.

Case No. 6:19-cv-1364-AA

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK,
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION'S
RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S
VERIFIED REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL
NOTICE ISO OPPOSITION TO
MOTION TO DISMISS

I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

The Court should reject plaintiff's "Verified Request for Judicial Notice in Support of Opposition to [10] Chase's Motion to Dismiss and [24] Rushmore's and U.S. Bank's Motion to Dismiss" ("Plaintiff's RJN") (Dkt. No. 30) insofar as it is directed at JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA's ("Chase") motion to dismiss (Dkt. No. 10) and purports to be an opposition to that motion. The Court should reject Plaintiff's RJN as untimely because plaintiff filed Plaintiff's RJN nearly four months after the deadline to respond to Chase's Motion to Dismiss. Even if the Court considers the untimely filing, the Court should disregard Plaintiff's RJN because it is irrelevant to Chase's motion. Nothing in Plaintiff's RJN contradicts that issue and claim preclusion bar plaintiff's claims against Chase. And, even if the preclusion doctrines did not bar the claims, Plaintiff's RJN does not address plaintiff's failure to state any claim against Chase. The Court should reject Plaintiff's RJN and grant Chase's motion to dismiss.

II. PLAINTIFF'S "VERIFIED SUGGESTION OF BANKRUPTCY"

On January 31, 2020, plaintiff filed a "Verified Suggestion of Bankruptcy" stating that he filed a voluntary bankruptcy petition on January 28, 2020. Dkt. No. 31. Specifically, plaintiff filed a Chapter 13 bankruptcy petition as United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Oregon Case Number 20-60205-tmr13. It is unclear whether plaintiff asserts that his bankruptcy filing imposes the automatic bankruptcy stay under 11 U.S.C. § 362 in this proceeding *which plaintiff brought*, but the automatic stay does not apply. Despite plaintiff's bankruptcy filing, Chase may file the present response, and the Court may rule on Chase's motion to dismiss, because the automatic stay is "inapplicable to lawsuits initiated by the debtor." *In re Palmdale Hills Prop., LLC*, 423 B.R. 655, 663 (B.A.P. 9th Cir. 2009), aff'd, 654 F.3d 868 (9th Cir. 2011).

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¹ To the extent plaintiff's earlier-filed "Verified Request for Judicial Notice in Support of Opposition to Motion to Dismiss," Dkt. No. 29, was directed at Chase, this response applies equally to that filing.

Instead, "a defendant in an action brought by a plaintiff/debtor may defend itself in that action without violating the automatic stay." *Id.* However, if the Court disagrees and believes that the automatic stay applies to this action, then Chase asks that the Court hold consideration of this filing in abeyance.

III. ARGUMENT

A. Procedural history.

Chase moved to dismiss plaintiff's Complaint on September 13, 2019. Dkt. No. 10 ("Chase's Motion"). Plaintiff did not file a response. Instead, on October 2, 2019, plaintiff filed a Notice of Appeal, purporting to appeal from this Court's case management order, discovery order, and orders granting extensions of time. Dkt. No. 13. On October 14, 2019, Chase filed its Reply, noting plaintiff's non-opposition. Dkt. No. 14. The Ninth Circuit dismissed plaintiff's appeal for lack of jurisdiction on October 28, 2019. Dkt. No. 15. On January 24, 2020, nearly four months after his opposition was due, plaintiff filed Plaintiff's RJN.²

B. The Court should disregard Plaintiff's RJN because it is untimely and unauthorized.

The Court should disregard Plaintiff's RJN because it is untimely as an opposition to Chase's Motion to Dismiss. Plaintiff's opposition was due by September 30, 2019. Plaintiff did not seek an extension of the time to respond and filed nothing until this four-months-late "Request for Judicial Notice." Plaintiff failed to respond even after Chase filed a reply on October 14, 2019 noting the non-opposition. Dkt. No. 14. Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(b)(1)(B), plaintiff must move for leave to extend an expired deadline and show that he failed to act timely because of excusable neglect. Plaintiff has not done so and cannot do so; rather than respond to Chase's motion, plaintiff filed his frivolous appeal of this Court's case management order,

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² Plaintiff did not confer before filing Plaintiff's RJN, and Plaintiff's RJN does not contain the required certification. *See* LR 7-1(a)(1). The Court should deny Plaintiff's RJN for failure to confer. LR 7-1(a)(3).

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discovery order, and orders granting extensions of time. Dkt. No. 13. Plaintiff's belated RJN is

just plaintiff's latest effort to delay, and the Court should reject it.

C. The Court should disregard Plaintiff's RJN because it is irrelevant.

Even if the Court considered Plaintiff's RJN despite its untimeliness, Plaintiff's RJN is

irrelevant to Chase's motion to dismiss.³ First, Plaintiff's RJN notes that no judgment has been

entered in the state court foreclosure action. Plaintiff's RJN, p. 2. But Chase pointed out in its

motion to dismiss that there was no formal judgment in the state court action and explained why

claim and issue preclusion apply regardless. Chase's Motion, pp. 8-12, 14-15. Plaintiff's RJN

addresses none of that authority or argument. Claim and issue preclusion bar plaintiff's claims

under these circumstances, where a state court has dismissed plaintiff's claims (brought as

counterclaims in the state court action) on the merits.

Second, the assertion in Plaintiff's RJN that Chase did not own the Note when it filed the

state court foreclosure action is irrelevant because that argument pertains to Chase's claim as

foreclosure plaintiff, not plaintiff's state court counterclaims. The state court's disposition of

plaintiff's counterclaims against Chase in the state court action bars the present claims. As

Chase's Motion explains, plaintiff asserted as counterclaims in the state court action the same

claims he seeks to relitigate here. Chase's status or standing as foreclosure plaintiff is irrelevant

to the disposition of plaintiff's state court counterclaims, as to which Chase was a defendant.⁴

Third, even if claim and issue preclusion do not bar plaintiff's claims, all of plaintiff's

claims are legally and factually deficient and fail to state any claim, as described in Chase's

³ The Court also should take judicial notice only of the fact of filing in state court of the request for judicial notice attached to Plaintiff's RJN. Plaintiff offers no authority supporting judicial notice of documents attached to a request for judicial notice filed in another court. Further, the state court request for judicial notice attaches documents not in the public record and as to which

judicial notice is not proper. See, e.g., Plaintiff's RJN, pp. 25-29 (discovery documents).

⁴ Moreover, U.S. Bank's *later* interest does not contradict Chase's right to enforce the Note and

Deed of Trust at the time it filed the state court foreclosure action.

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Motion. Chase's Motion, pp. 16-20. Plaintiff's RJN does not address plaintiff's pleading failure.

IV. CONCLUSION

The Court should disregard Plaintiff's RJN and grant Chase's Motion to Dismiss. DATED this 4th day of February, 2020.

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Attorneys for Defendant JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I served a copy of the foregoing JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION'S RESPONSE TO PLAINTIFF'S VERIFIED REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE ISO OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO DISMISS on:

Dennis Raybould P.O. Box 241 Florence, OR 97439 (541) 901-9522 Plaintiff Pro Se

	Trainer 110 Se
-	by causing to be mailed a copy thereof in a sealed, first-class postage prepaid ressed to said party's last-known address and deposited in the U.S. mail at gon on the date set forth below;
above on the o	by causing a copy thereof to be hand-delivered to said party's address as shown date set forth below;
addressed to s	by sending a copy thereof via overnight courier in a sealed, prepaid envelope, said party's last-known address on the date set forth below;
the date set fo	by faxing a copy thereof to said party at his/her last-known facsimile number on orth below; or
forth above.	by emailing a copy thereof to said party at his/her last-known email address as set
Dated	this 4th day of February, 2020.
	DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP
	By: s/ Kevin H. Kono Kevin H. Kono, OSB #023528 Ashlee Aguiar, OSB #171940 Of Attorneys for Defendant JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.